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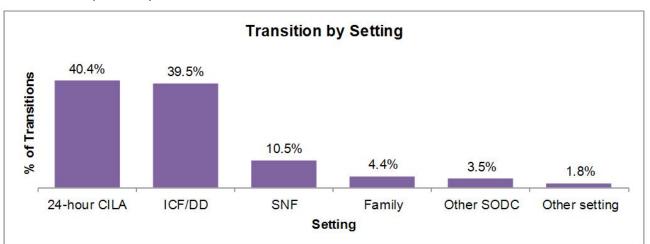
Murray Developmental Center: An Analysis of Transition Outcomes

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In 2010, the Department of Human Services' Division of Developmental Disabilities (DHS-DDD) engaged the Institute on Disability and Human Development (IDHD) to examine outcomes for individuals transitioning out of Illinois' nine State Operated Developmental Centers (SODCs) between October 1, 2001, and June 30, 2009. This brief focuses specifically on the outcomes of the **147** individuals who moved out of Murray Developmental Center, not including the 33 people who died there, during that time.

Where did people move?

Of those who transitioned, 40.4% (n= 46) moved into a 24-hour CILA while 39.5% (n= 45) moved into an Intermediate Care Facility for Individuals with Developmental Disabilities (ICF/DD).



Did people remain in their transition placement?

Status of Individuals (as of June 30, 2009)

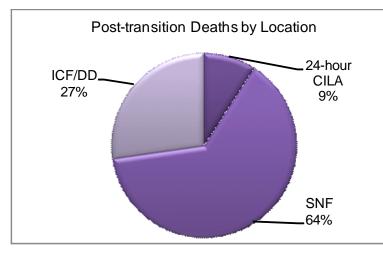
Placement	#	%
Continuous placement (remained with transition provider)	87	76.3%
Transferred to another SODC	12	10.5%
Deceased	11	9.6%
Different residence, different provider (non-SODC)	2	1.8%
Unknown*	2	1.8%
Total	114	100.0

*SODCs are only required to follow-up with individuals for 1 year post-transition and thus will not necessarily have information on the status of all movers past that time.

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Where did the majority of deaths occur?

 The majority (64%, n=7) of the 11 deaths which occurred after transition happened in a skilled nursing facility, while one person who had moved to a CILA and three who had moved to an ICF/DD died after leaving Murray.



The majority of post -transition deaths occurred in skilled nursing facilities.

- Characteristics for the group of individuals who transitioned to an SNF and died were as follows:
 - \Rightarrow The average age was 50 years old (ranging from 30-69);
 - ⇒ The average HRST score was 4.6 (ranging from 1-6) which is in the "high moderate" to "high" health risk;
 - ⇒ The average ICAP Adaptive Behavior Score was 20 (ranging from 3-92) which is in the profound level of functioning;
 - ⇒ The average ICAP Service Score was 31 (ranging from 15-67), which indicates a need for extensive personal care and/or constant supervision; and
 - ⇒ Average length of stay at an SODC prior to going to an SNF was 33.9 years (ranging from 16-66 years).

What were the characteristics of people who returned to an SODC?

- Twelve people returned to an SODC after transferring from Murray.
 - \Rightarrow All 12 returned for behavioral reasons;
 - ⇒ Seven individuals returned from a 24-hour CILA, 3 from an ICF/DD, 1 from the home of a family member and 1 from another SODC;
 - \Rightarrow 75% (n=9) of returners received technical assistance for behavioral issues;
 - \Rightarrow Average age was 35.3 (ranging from 17-49 years);
 - \Rightarrow Average IQ score was 47.75 (ranging from 14-72);
 - \Rightarrow Average length of stay at Murray was 4.5 years (ranging from less than one year to 30 years); and
 - \Rightarrow 11 (91.7%) had a psychiatric diagnosis
 - including psychotic disorder (5), impulse control disorder (4) and mood disorder (6) [some individuals had more than one diagnosis].

For more details on the outcomes of transition from SODCs, see Lulinski-Norris, A., Rizzolo, M.C. & Heller, T. (2012). An Analysis of Movement from State Operated Developmental Centers in Illinois. Chicago: Institute on Disability and Human Development, University of Illinois at Chicago.